



# iPhone SE Battery Replacement

Use this guide to bring life back to an iPhone...

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# INTRODUCTION

Use this guide to bring life back to an iPhone SE that no longer holds a charge, and replace your old battery with a new one.

The SE battery is not compatible with the iPhone 5s battery. If your battery is swollen, [take appropriate precautions](#).

The adhesive strips securing the battery are not re-usable, so you'll want to have a supply of replacement adhesive strips on hand before you begin. Alternatively, you can secure the battery using a piece of double-sided tape.

For optimal performance, after completing this guide, [calibrate](#) your newly installed battery: Charge it to 100% and keep charging it for at least two more hours. Then use your iPhone until it shuts off due to low battery. Finally, charge it uninterrupted to 100%.

[video: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BYxi3E\\_KE\\_g](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BYxi3E_KE_g)]



## TOOLS:

[Anti-Clamp](#) (1)  
[Anti-Static Project Tray](#) (1)  
[iOpener](#) (1)  
[P2 Pentalobe Screwdriver iPhone](#) (1)  
[Phillips #000 Screwdriver](#) (1)  
[Plastic Cards](#) (1)  
[iFixit Opening Tool](#) (1)  
[Suction Handle](#) (1)  
[Spudger](#) (1)  
[Tweezers](#) (1)  
[Scissors](#) (1)  
[Isopropyl Alcohol](#) (1)



## PARTS:

[iPhone SE \(1st Gen\) Battery](#) (1)  
[iPhone 5s/5c/SE \(1st Gen\) Battery Adhesive Strips](#) (1)

*iFixit batteries come with adhesive strips preinstalled.*

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## Step 1 — Removing the Pentalobe screws



⚠ Before you proceed, discharge your iPhone battery below 25%. A charged lithium-ion battery can catch fire and/or explode if accidentally punctured.

- Power off your iPhone before beginning disassembly.
- Remove the two 3.9 mm Pentalobe screws from either side of Lightning connector.

## Step 2 — Taping the display glass



- If your display glass is cracked, keep further breakage contained and prevent bodily harm during your repair by taping the glass.
- Lay overlapping strips of clear packing tape over the iPhone's display until the whole face is covered.
  - ⓘ This will keep glass shards contained and provide structural integrity when prying and lifting the display.

⚠ Wear safety glasses to protect your eyes from any glass shaken free during the repair.

### Step 3 — Display separation prevention



- ⓘ In the following steps you will be pulling the display up out of the phone body. The display is composed of a glass screen and a plastic bezel with metal clips.
- Regardless of the tool you use, **you need to be sure you pull up the entire display.**
  - If the glass begins to separate from the plastic, as shown in the first image, slide a plastic opening tool between the plastic frame and the metal phone body to pry the metal clips out of the case.
- ★ If you are reassembling a phone with a separated display bezel, you may want to place a thin strip of adhesive between the plastic bezel and the glass to keep the phone closed.

## Step 4 — Anti-Clamp instructions



- ① The next two steps demonstrate the [Anti-Clamp](#), a tool we designed to make the opening procedure easier. **If you aren't using the Anti-Clamp, skip down two steps for an alternate method.**
- ① For complete instructions on how to use the Anti-Clamp, [check out this guide](#).
- Pull the blue handle backwards to unlock the Anti-Clamp's arms.
- Slide the arms over either the left or right edge of your iPhone.
- Position the suction cups near the bottom edge of the iPhone just above the home button—one on the front, and one on the back.
- Squeeze the cups together to apply suction to the desired area.
- ① If the surface of your iPhone is too slippery for the Anti-Clamp to hold onto, you can [use the included tape pad](#) to create a grippier surface.



## Step 5



- Pull the blue handle forwards to lock the arms.
- Turn the handle clockwise 360 degrees or until the cups start to stretch.
  - ⓘ Make sure the suction cups remain aligned with each other. If they begin to slip out of alignment, loosen the suction cups slightly and realign the arms.
- Insert an opening pick under the screen when the Anti-Clamp creates a large enough gap.
  - ⓘ If the Anti-Clamp doesn't create a sufficient gap, rotate the handle a quarter turn.
- ⚠ **Don't crank more than a quarter turn at a time and wait a few seconds between turns. Let the Anti-Clamp and time do the work for you.**
- **Skip the next two steps.**

## Step 6 — Manual Opening Procedure



- If you don't have an Anti-Clamp, use a single suction cup to lift the front panel:
- Press a suction cup onto the screen, just above the home button.
- ⓘ Be sure the cup is completely on the screen to get a tight seal.

## Step 7 — Start lifting the front panel assembly



⚠ The front panel is attached with clips, and there are several ribbon cables connecting it to the rest of the phone. Your goal here is to release the clips and **open the phone only enough to disconnect the cables**. Go slowly and carefully to avoid damage.

- ⓘ Make sure the suction cup is firmly attached to the front panel assembly near the home button.
  - While holding the iPhone down with one hand, pull up on the suction cup to slightly separate the home button end of the front panel from the rear case.
  - With a plastic opening tool, gently pry the edges of the rear case down, away from the front panel assembly, while you pull up with the suction cup.
- ⚠ Take your time and apply firm, constant force. The front panel assembly is a much tighter fit than on most other devices.



## Step 8



**⚠ Do not try to completely remove the front panel assembly from the rear case, as there are several delicate ribbon cables connecting them.**

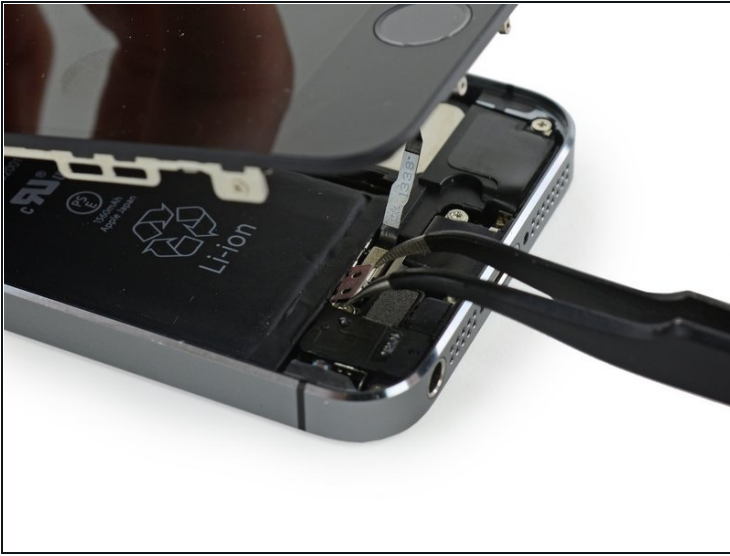
- Pull the plastic nub to release the vacuum seal on the suction cup.
- Remove the suction cup from the screen.

## Step 9 — Removing the Touch ID cable bracket



- Open the phone just enough to reveal the metal bracket covering the home button cable.
- ⚠ Do not open the phone too far or you risk damaging the home button cable, or the socket it plugs into. **Keep the cable loose—if it is stretched taut, that's too far.**
- Only the phone's original home button assembly will be capable of using the Touch ID functionality. **If you rip the cable, installing a new home button will only restore ordinary home button functions, not the Touch ID features.**
- Use the tip of a spudger to push the bracket free and remove it with [tweezers](#).
- ① The next two steps apply to reassembly. Skip them and continue to Step 12 until reassembly.

## Step 10



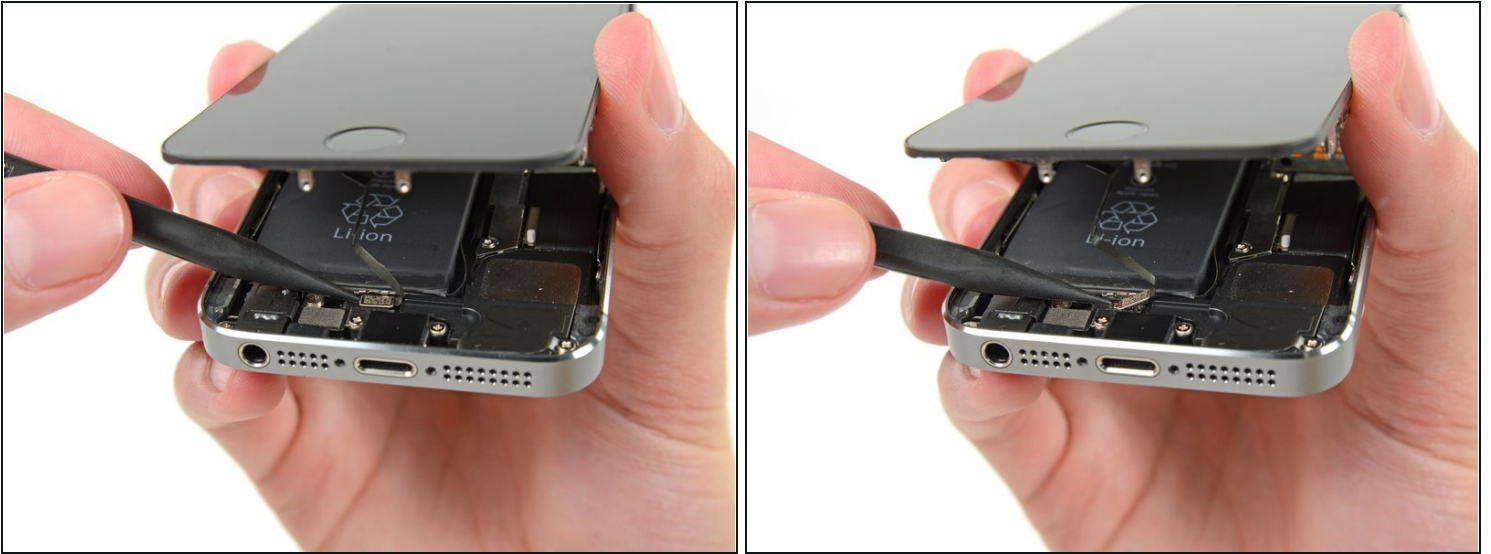
- ✦ During reassembly, you will need to reinstall the Touch ID cable bracket. The top of the bracket needs to slide between the battery and Touch ID cable connector, in front of the metal tab. The bottom must latch down over the connector.
- ✦ Slide the top of the bracket over the Touch ID cable connector from left to right.

## Step 11



- ★ During reassembly, use the flat end of a spudger to snap the front portion of the Touch ID cable bracket down over the cable connector.
- ⓘ If the bracket does not snap down flush, you may need to remove the bracket and slide it over the cable connector again for a better fit.

## Step 12 — Disconnecting the home button cable connector

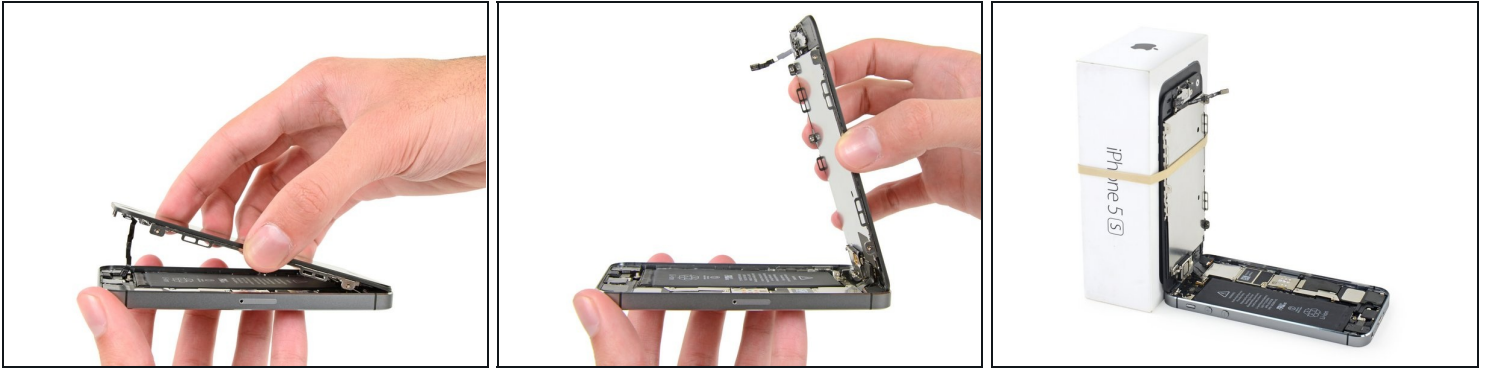


- Use the tip of a spudger to pry the home button cable connector up out of its socket.

⚠ Be sure you're separating the cable connector from its socket, and not prying the entire socket up. The socket is on its own glued-down cable that can be pried up if you aren't careful.



## Step 13 — Opening up the phone



- Once the connector has been released, pull the home button end of the assembly away from the rear case, using the top of the phone as a hinge.
  - Open the display to about a 90° angle, and lean it against something to keep it propped up while you're working on the phone.
    - Add a rubber band to keep the display securely in place while you work. This prevents undue strain on the display cables.
- ⓘ In a pinch, you can use an unopened canned beverage to hold the display.

## Step 14



- Remove the two 1.6 mm Phillips #000 screws securing the metal battery connector bracket to the logic board.



## Step 15



- Remove the metal battery connector bracket from the iPhone.

## Step 16



- Use the flat end of a spudger to gently pry the battery connector up from its socket on the logic board.

⚠ Be very careful to only pry up on the battery connector itself and not the socket on the logic board. If you pry up on the logic board socket or the board itself, you may destroy the socket or damage nearby components on the board.

## Step 17



- Remove the following screws securing the front panel assembly cable bracket to the logic board:
  - One 1.7 mm Phillips #000 screw
  - One 1.2 mm Phillips #000 screw
  - One 1.3 mm Phillips #000 screw
  - One more 1.7 mm Phillips #000 screw
- ⓘ This 1.7 mm screw tends to not be attracted to a magnetized screwdriver. Take care not to lose it when removing.

⚠ It is especially important to keep track of your screws in this step for reassembly. Accidentally using the 1.3 mm screw or one of the 1.7 mm screws in the bottom right hole will result in significant damage to the logic board causing the phone to no longer boot properly.

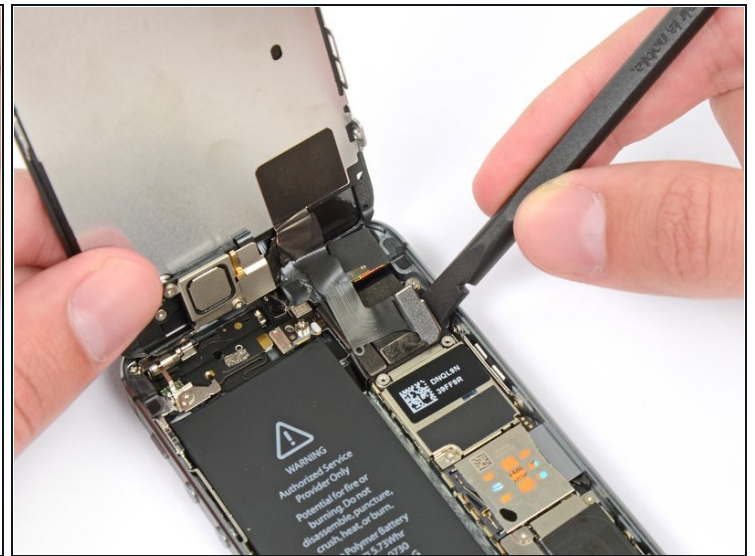
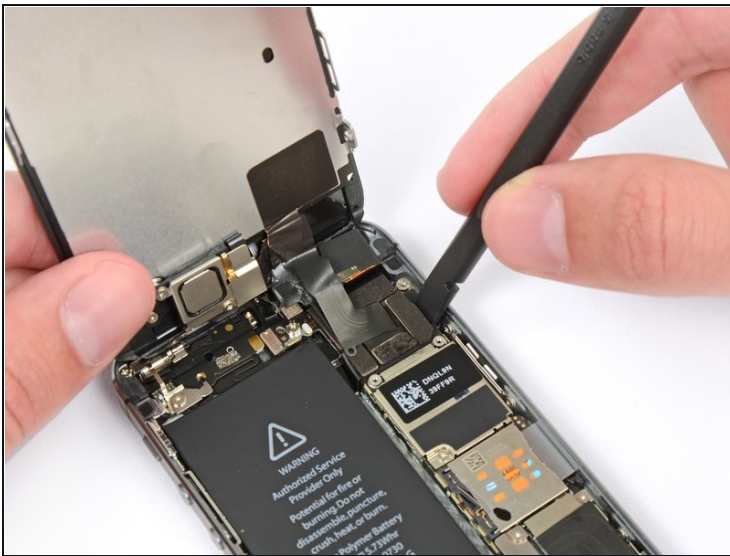
⚠ Be careful not to overtighten the screws, and don't force them. If they don't fit easily when you are securing them, they may be the wrong size.

## Step 18



- Remove the front panel assembly cable bracket from the logic board.

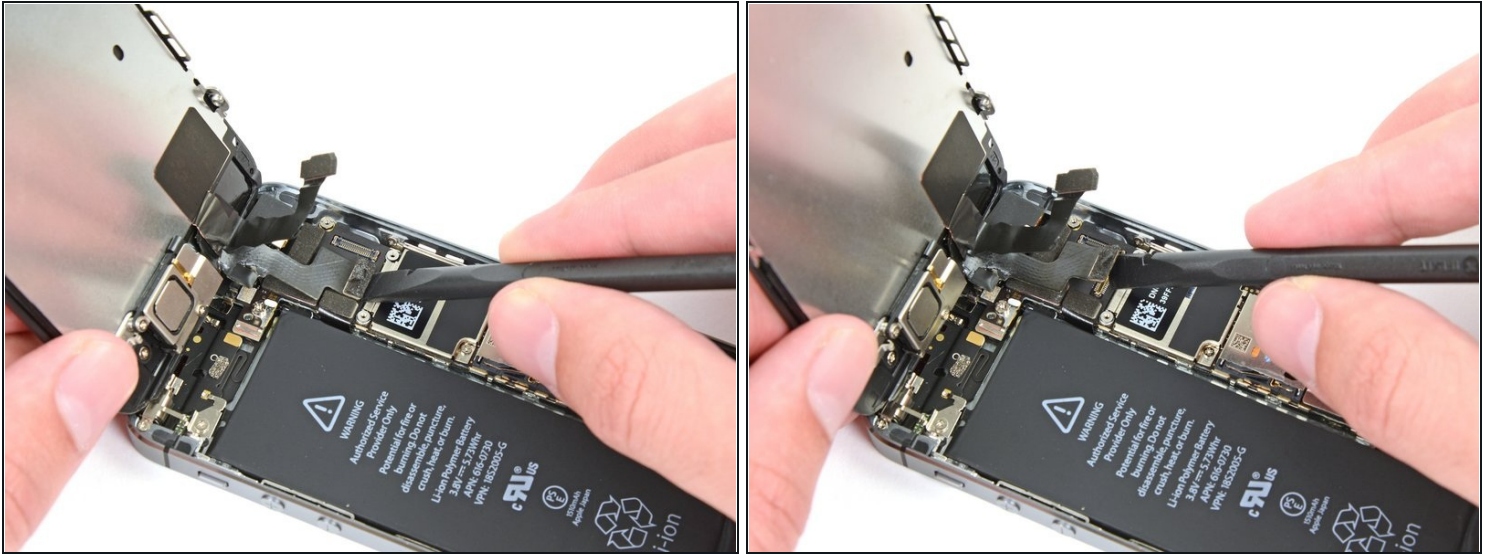
## Step 19



- Use a spudger or a fingernail to disconnect the front-facing camera and sensor cable.



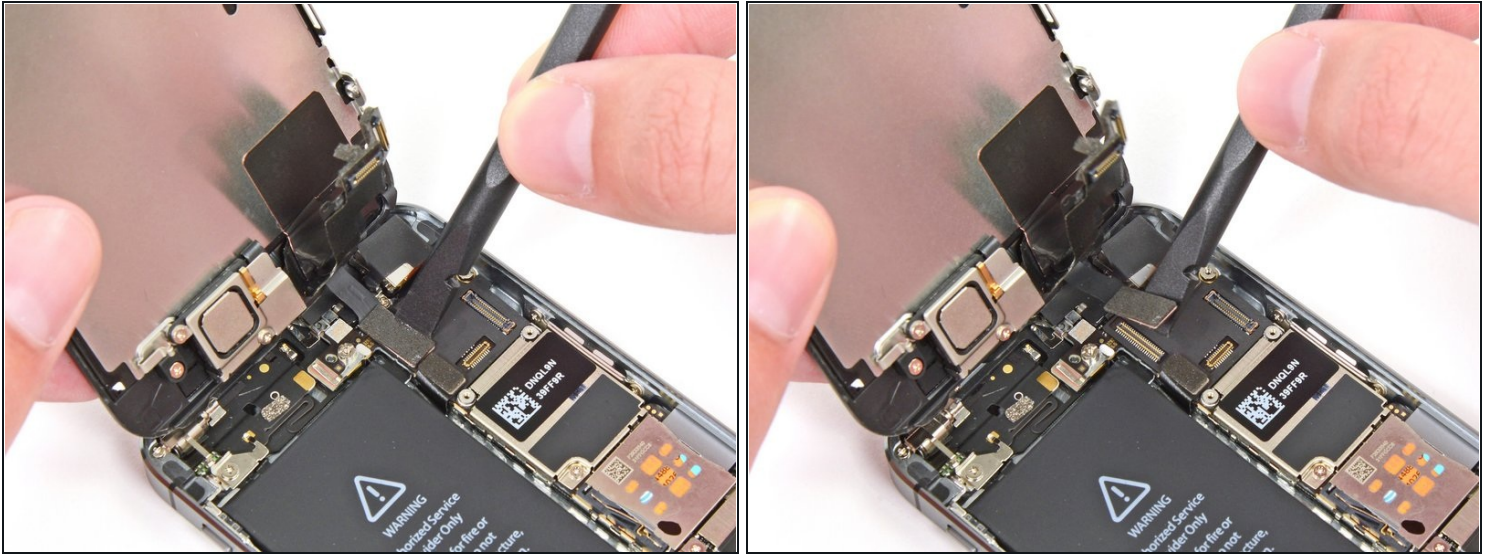
## Step 20



**⚠ Make sure the battery is disconnected before you disconnect or reconnect the cable in this step.**

- Disconnect the LCD cable connector.
- ☑ When reassembling your phone, the LCD cable may pop off the connector. This can result in white lines or a blank screen when powering your phone back on. If that happens, simply reconnect the cable and power cycle your phone. The best way to power cycle your phone is to disconnect and reconnect the battery.

## Step 21



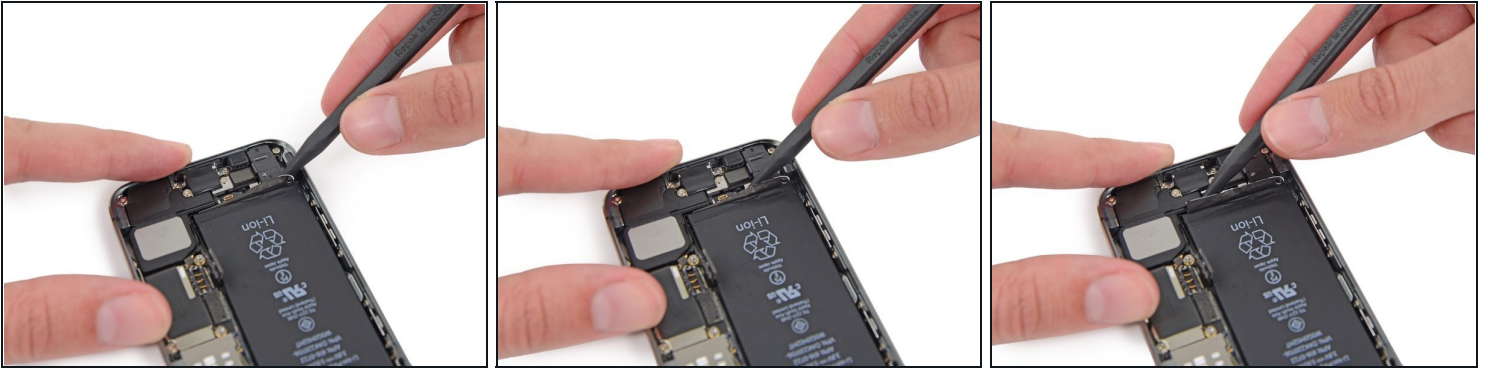
- Finally, disconnect the digitizer cable connector.

## Step 22



- Remove the front panel assembly from the rear case.

## Step 23 — Battery



- Run the tip of a spudger between the battery and the headphone jack to unfold the battery adhesive tab.

## Step 24



- Pull the battery adhesive tab away from the phone.
- Cut the black battery adhesive tab between the two white adhesive strips, separating them.



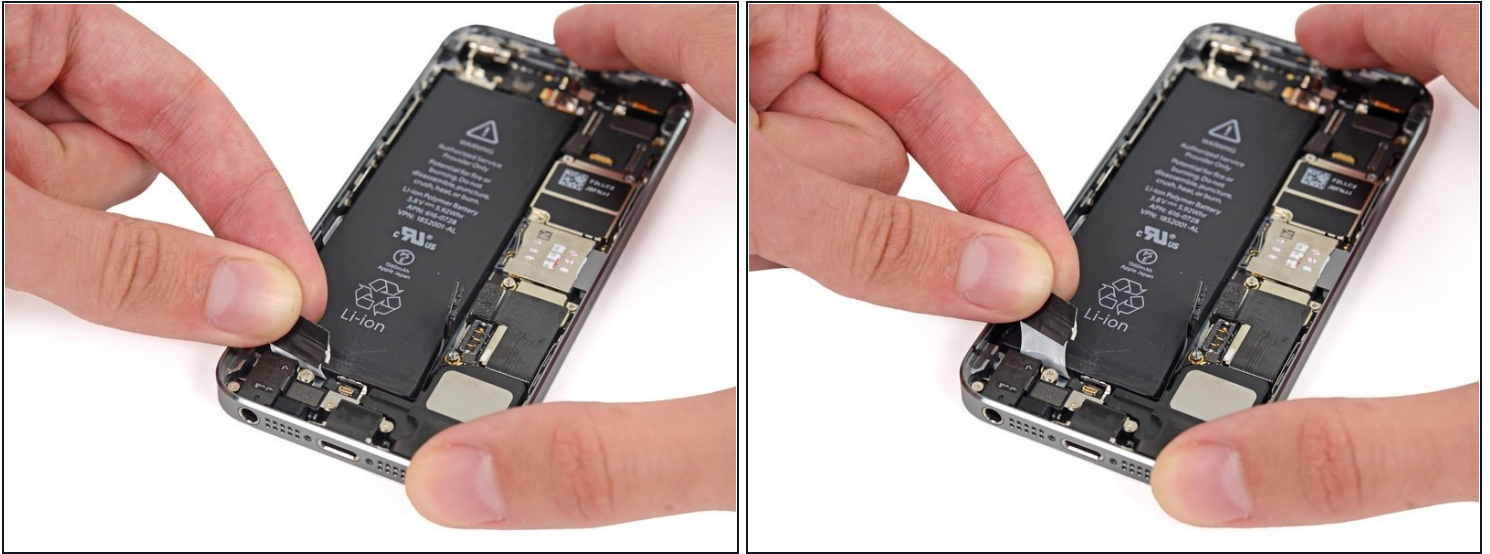
## Step 25



**⚠ Try to keep the strips flat and unwrinkled during this procedure; wrinkled strips will stick together and break instead of pulling out cleanly.**

- Slowly pull one of the battery adhesive strips away from the battery, toward the bottom of the iPhone. Pull the white portion of the strip when possible, the black tab may fall off.
  - Pull steadily, maintaining constant tension on the strip as it slips out from between the battery and the rear case. For best results, pull the strip at a 60° angle or less.
  - Be careful not to snag it on any of the other internal iPhone components.
- i** The strip will stretch to many times its original length. Continue pulling, re-grabbing the strip near the battery if necessary, until the entire strip comes free.

## Step 26



- Repeat for the second strip.
- If you removed both strips successfully, skip the next step.
- ⓘ If the adhesive breaks off underneath the battery and can't be retrieved, apply a few drops of high concentration (over 90%) isopropyl alcohol under the edge of the battery in the area of the broken adhesive strip(s).
  - Wait about one minute for the alcohol solution to weaken the adhesive. Use the flat end of a spudger to gently lift the battery.
- ⚠ Don't try to forcefully lever the battery out. If needed, apply a few more drops of alcohol to further weaken the adhesive. Never deform or puncture the battery with your pry tool.
- ⚠ **Do not** pry against the logic board or you may damage the phone.
- ⚠ **Avoid** prying at the top left near the volume controls, or you may damage the [volume button ribbon cable](#).
- ⓘ You can also try the alternative methods in **the next step**.

## Step 27 — Alternative methods to unstick the battery from the case



ⓘ If the battery remains stuck to the rear case, [prepare an iOpener](#) or use a hair dryer to heat the rear case directly behind the battery.

⚠ Overheating the iPhone may ignite the battery.

⚠ Don't try to forcefully lever the battery out. Never deform or puncture the battery with your pry tool.

⚠ Do not pry against the logic board or you may damage the phone.

⚠ Avoid prying at the top left near the volume controls, or you may damage the [volume button ribbon cable](#).

ⓘ A piece of dental floss may be used to separate the battery from the rear case. A stronger alternative to dental floss is an unwound guitar string, such as a 0.009 E string from a 12-string set.

- Thread the floss or string behind the upper battery corners, bring the ends together, wrap them around a folded cloth, and pull evenly.

## Step 28



- Pull the battery out of the rear case.
- ⓘ If your replacement battery came in a plastic sleeve, remove the sleeve before installation by pulling it away from the ribbon cable.
- ☑ If there's any alcohol solution remaining in the phone, carefully wipe it off or allow it to air dry before installing your new battery.
- ☑ Before you adhere the replacement battery, temporarily reconnect the battery connector to the logic board socket. This ensures that the battery is properly aligned in its recess.
  - Adhere the battery, disconnect it, and continue reassembling your device.
- ☑ If your new battery doesn't have adhesive preinstalled, refer to [this guide](#) to replace the adhesive strips.
- ☑ Perform a [hard reset](#) after reassembly. This can prevent several issues and simplify troubleshooting.

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**To reassemble your device, follow the above steps in reverse order.**

Take your e-waste to an [R2 or e-Stewards certified recycler](#).

Repair didn't go as planned? Check out our [Answers community](#) for troubleshooting help.