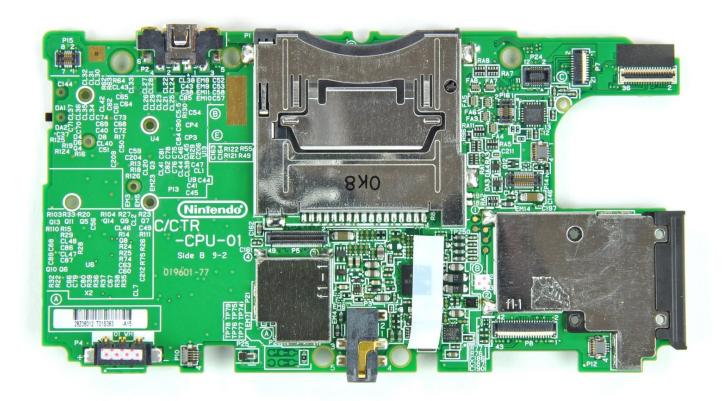


Nintendo 3DS Motherboard Replacement

Replace the brains of your 3DS with a new...

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INTRODUCTION

Replace the brains of your 3DS with a new motherboard.

TOOLS:

iFixit Opening Tool (1)

Spudger (1)

Phillips #00 Screwdriver (1)

Tweezers (1)

Step 1 — Back Cover



- Unscrew the four Phillips #00 screws along the top of the back cover.
- (i) The screws are held in place by locking washers, and will not come out of the back cover.
- ⚠ The comments section is full of unlucky souls who will tell you that the screws here through step 4 will strip incredibly easily. Press down fairly hard, and go slow.





- (i) Hold the device in one hand and turn it over.
- Grab the top edge of the back cover with your opposite hand so that the cover does not fall back into place.
- (i) Flip the 3DS over again so that the back cover is facing up.
- Pull the back cover up and away from the rest of the device to remove it.

Step 3 — Battery







- Insert a plastic opening tool into the notch in the lower case above the battery.
- Pry the battery up with the plastic opening tool.
- Grab the top edge of the battery and lift it out of the lower case.

Step 4 — Lower Case



- Remove the nine 6.3 mm black Phillips screws from the lower case.
- ⚠ These screws will strip very easily unless you use the correct size bit. Apply pressure to the screws while turning to avoid stripping them.
- Remove the 2.4 mm silver
 Phillips screw above the game cartridge slot.





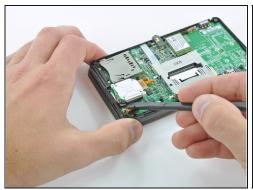


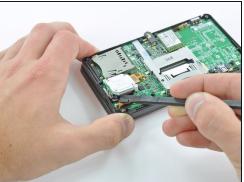
- Lift the bottom edge of the lower case off the rest of the 3DS.
- There are still two ribbon cables connecting the mother board to the case, so be sure not to pull the lower case all the way off.
- Use a plastic opening tool to pry the shoulder button ribbon cables off their sockets on the motherboard.
- Remove the lower case from the device.

Step 6 — Circle Pad Joystick



Remove the two 7.7 mm
 Phillips screws securing the back of the Circle Pad to the motherboard.







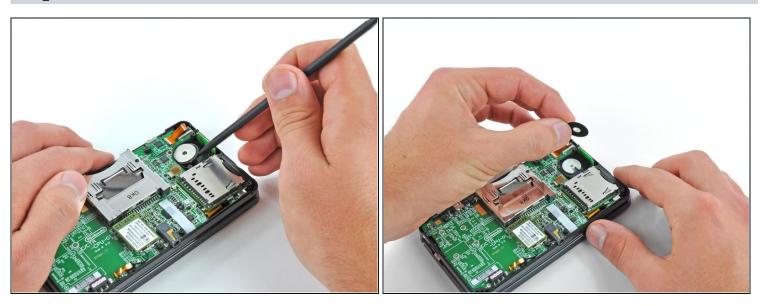
- Use the flat end of a spudger to pry the back of the Circle Pad off the motherboard.
- Lift the Circle Pad joystick off the motherboard and lay it on its back so that the ribbon cable connector is accessible.



• Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the Circle Pad ribbon cable ZIF socket.

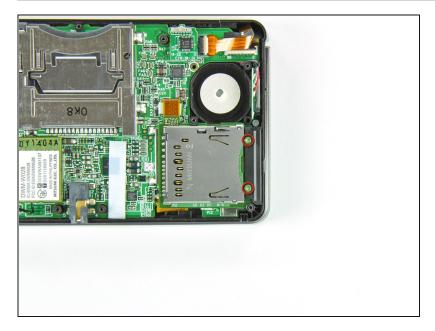
⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, **not** the socket itself.

• Lift the Circle Pad joystick off the motherboard.



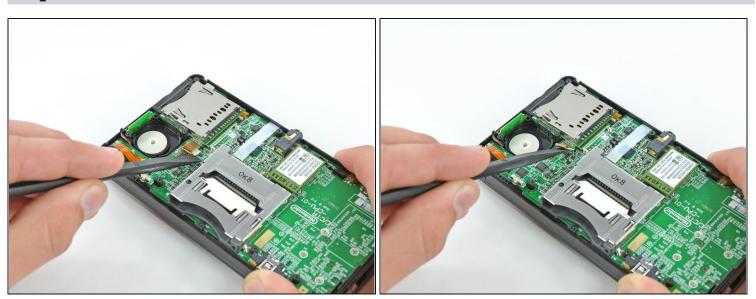
- (i) To decrease the chance of losing it during repairs, you may want to remove the two thin pads underneath the Circle Pad joystick.
- Use a spudger or screwdriver to lift the pads up and remove them from the device.

Step 10 — SD Board



Remove the two 4.5 mm
 Phillips screws securing the SD board to the motherboard.

Step 11



• Use the flat end of a spudger to pry the SD board ribbon cable connector off its socket on the motherboard.

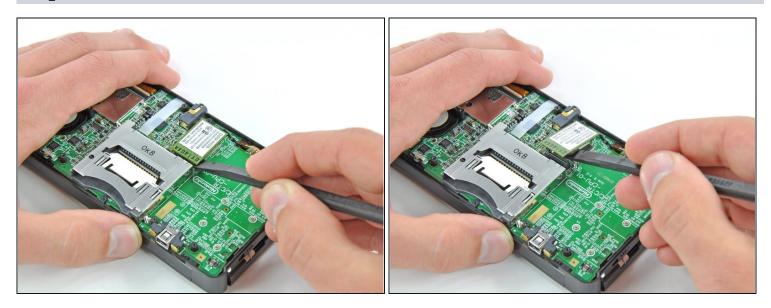




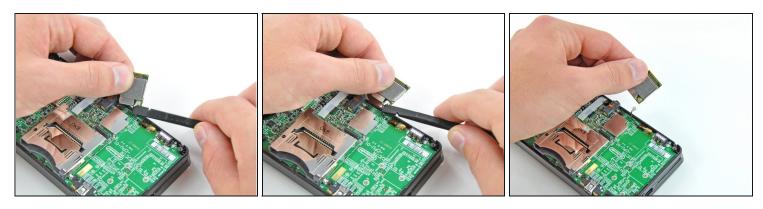


- Insert the flat end of a spudger between the SD board and the motherboard.
- Pry up **slowly** to loosen the SD board from the RF shield underneath it. If you pry too quickly, you may tear the shield or break its solder points.
- Run the spudger along the sides of the SD board to free it from the adhesive holding it in place.
- Once completely freed, lift the SD board straight off the motherboard.

Step 13 — Wi-Fi Board



- Slide the flat end of a spudger under the corner of the Wi-Fi board, and lift it away from the motherboard.
- (i) The Wi-Fi antenna cable is still connected to the Wi-Fi board, so you cannot completely remove the Wi-Fi board yet.



- (i) Lift the Wi-Fi board off the motherboard and rotate it so that the bottom side is facing up.
- Use the flat end of a spudger to pry the Wi-Fi antenna cable connector off its socket on the Wi-Fi board.
- Remove the Wi-Fi board from the device.

Step 15 — **Motherboard Assembly**





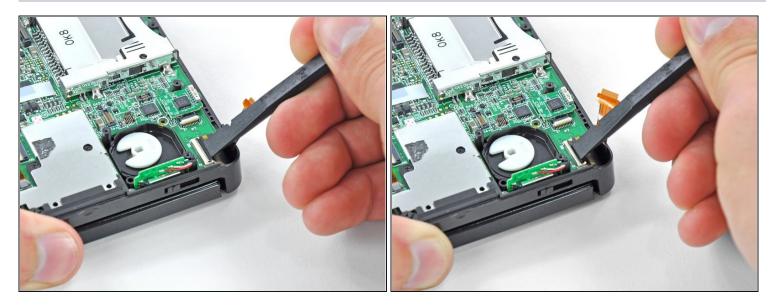
- Grasp the microphone ribbon cable near the microphone with a pair of tweezers.
- Pull the microphone straight up out of the upper case.







- Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the speaker assembly ribbon cable ZIF socket.
- ⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, NOT the socket itself. Damaging the socket or cable will result in a 3DS that will blink its power LED when you press the power button and do nothing else.
- Disconnect the speaker assembly ribbon cable with a pair of tweezers.



- Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the camera ribbon cable ZIF socket.
- ⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, **not** the socket itself.
- When reassembling, note that the gold contacts face toward the motherboard (as opposed to the camera cable's gold contacts facing away).







- Remove seven Phillips screws securing the motherboard to the upper case:
 - Four 2.5 mm gold screws
 - Two 3.5 mm black screws
 - One 2.5 mm silver screw
 - (i) When you remove this screw the volume slider can fall out.
- Lift the side of the motherboard that sits along the bottom edge of the 3DS.

Step 19







- (i) Continue lifting the motherboard assembly and rotate it until it is resting next to the rest of the device.
- Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the LCD ribbon cable ZIF socket.

⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, **not** the socket itself. Damaging the socket or cable will result in a 3DS that won't have a functional top screen.



 Remove the motherboard assembly from the rest of the device.

Step 21 — Lower Display Assembly







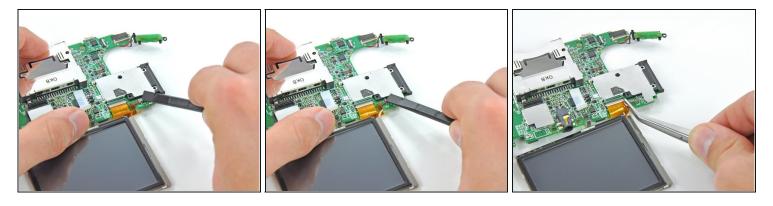
- ② Set the motherboard assembly down so that the lower LCD is side-by-side with the motherboard.
- Use the tip of a spudger or your fingers to peel back the white tape covering the touchscreen ribbon cable connector.



 Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the touchscreen ribbon cable ZIF socket.

⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, **not** the socket itself.

Step 23

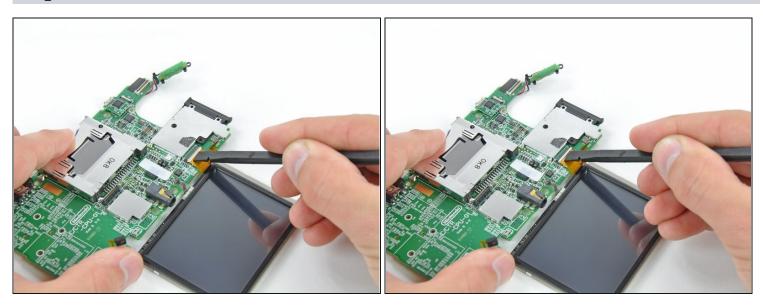


 Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the lower LCD power ribbon cable ZIF socket.

⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, **not** the socket itself.

• Pull the ribbon cable out of the connector with a pair of <u>tweezers</u>.

⚠ Grasp the ribbon cable as close to the connector as possible with the tweezers to avoid tearing it.



 Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the lower LCD data ribbon cable ZIF socket.

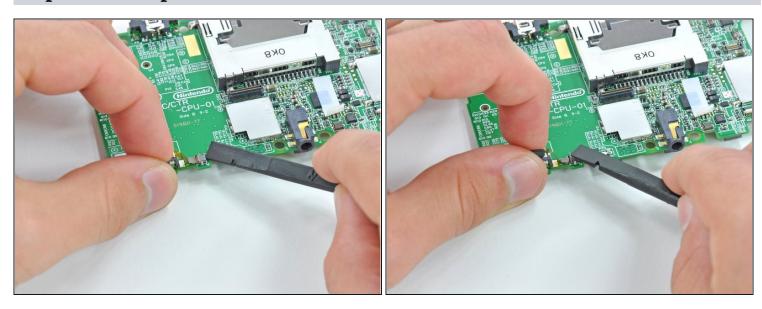
⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, **not** the socket itself.

Step 25



• Grasp the lower display assembly and pull it directly away from the motherboard.

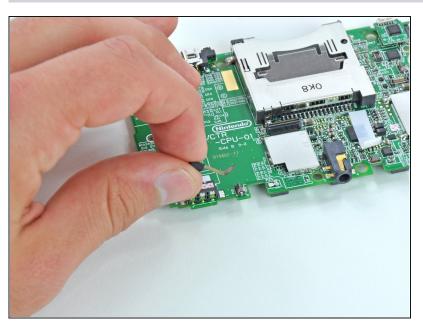
Step 26 — Microphone



• Use the flat end of a spudger or your fingernail to flip up the retaining flap on the microphone ribbon cable ZIF socket.

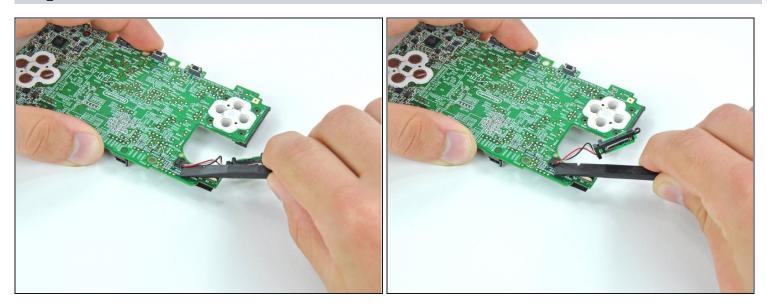
⚠ Be sure you are prying up on the hinged retaining flap, **not** the socket itself.

Step 27



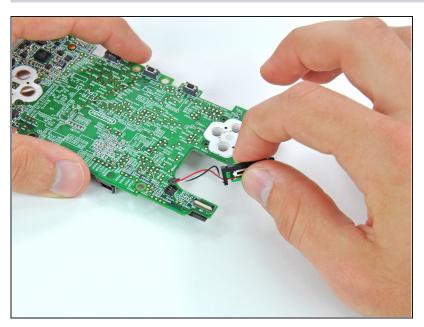
 Lift the microphone and its attached ribbon cable off the motherboard.

Step 28 — Volume Switch



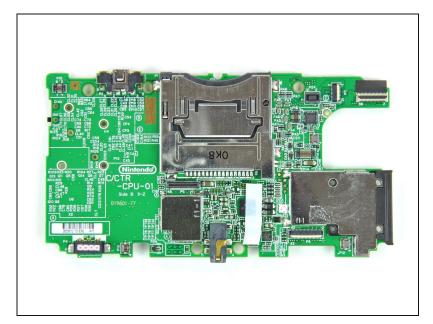
- (i) Turn the motherboard over.
- Use the flat end of a spudger to pry the volume switch connector out of its socket on the motherboard.

Step 29



• Remove the volume switch from the motherboard.

Step 30 — Motherboard



• The motherboard remains.

To reassemble your device, follow these instructions in reverse order.